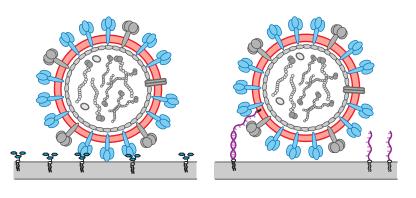
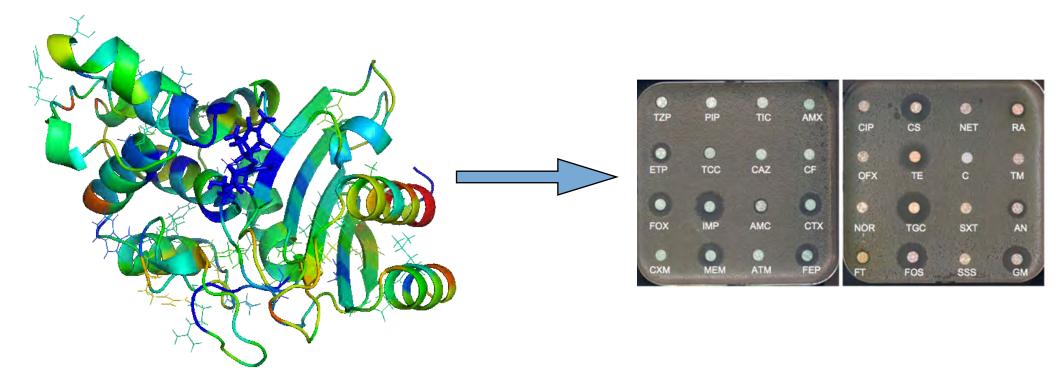
- 1. Predicting sequence changes altering drug resistance or target recognition. Large-scale MD simulation Statistical learning Experimental testing
- 2. Predicting difficult genotype-phenotype relationships in infectious disease, leveraging: sequence structure dynamics

Prediction and mechanism in infectious disease: enveloped viral entry and drug-resistant bacteria

How do enveloped viruses infect cells and how can we predict virulence and design new antivirals?



What is necessary and sufficient for extreme drug resistance in bacteria?



3. Tools to measure viral entry and screen for antivirals when host receptor is unknown

Active work on:
Influenza, Zika,
drug-resistant gram-negatives

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